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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/551,244	09/28/2005	Ken Umeno	215384-101174	4287
HONIGMAN MILLER SCHWARTZ & COHN LLP 38500 WOODWARD AVENUE			EXAMINER	
			AGHDAM, FRESHTEH N	
SUITE 100 BLOOMFIELD HILLS, MI 48304-5048		48	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2611	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/551,244	UMENO, KEN
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	FRESHTEH N. AGHDAM	2611
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perionally reply or perionally reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the main earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tind will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ Th 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	nis action is non-final. vance except for formal matters, pr	
Disposition of Claims		
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-38 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrest 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-38 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and contain the specification is objected to by the Examination of the drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ according to a subject to by the Examination of the drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ according to the above claim(s) according to the application of the application of the application of the application and according to the application of	rawn from consideration. /or election requirement. ner.	Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the I	ne drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ection is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ojected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applicat iority documents have been receiv au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal I 6) Other:	ate

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

Claims 7, 16, 25, and 34 are objected to because of the following informalities:

As to claims 7, 16, 25, and 34, the parameter "u" is not defined in the recited claims. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claims 37-38 are rejected under 35 USC 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter. Claims 37-38 claim a program that is a non-statutory subject matter.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1-38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter, which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention.

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As to claims 1-9 19-27, and 37, the claimed subject matter of "wherein the delay time[s] t1, ..., tN is [are] shorter than a reciprocal number of a minimum value of clock rates of the multiple input received synchronized signals r1, ..., rN" was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention because the specification lacks any description as to why this constraint is applied other than it is "assumed" (emphasis added) that the delay times are shorter than this value (par. 85), and moreover, it seems like by doing so some data is lost since the delay amount is less than the maximum of clock periods of the multiple input signals. According to the MPEP 2164.03 [r-2], the amount of guidance or direction needed to enable the invention is inversely related to the amount of knowledge in the state of the art as well as the predictability in the art. In re Fisher, 427 F.2d 833, 839, 166 USPQ 18, 24 (CCPA 1970). The "amount of guidance or direction" refers to that information in the application, as originally filed, that teaches exactly how to make or use the invention. The more that is known in the prior art about the nature of the invention, how to make, and how to use the invention, and the more predictable the art is, the less information needs to be explicitly stated in the specification. In contrast, if little is known in the prior art about the nature of the invention and the art is unpredictable, the specification would need more detail as to how to make and use the invention in order to be enabling. >See, e.g., Chiron Corp. v. Genentech Inc., 363 F.3d 1247, 1254, 70 USPQ2d 1321, 1326 (Fed. Cir. 2004).

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As to claims 10-18, 28-36, and 38, the claimed subject matter of "a delaying" section that delays the respective multiple received signals a1, ..., aL by time T-t1, ..., T-tN (L<=N) where T is predetermined constant time without being overlapped with one another to output multiple intermediate signals" was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention because the limitation is unclear and the specification only adds one more sentence to the recited limitation which is "T may be any constant if it is larger than either delay time" see par. 112 (1) the examiner is unsure as to exactly what the applicant meant by this limitation and interpreted this limitation as T is predetermined constant time that causes the intermediate signals p1, ..., pN not to overlap with one another. (2) There are no showings as how to determine the amount of T other than is any value greater than either delay time that seems to be inaccurate because not for any values greater than maximum of t1, ..., tN it is possible to achieve nonoverlapping intermediate signals. The applicant is required to provide support(s) for the recited claimed subject matter. (3) As discussed above with respect to claims 1-9 19-27, and 37, the constraint defined for obtaining t1, ..., tN in the specification is not enabling. According to the MPEP 2164.03 [r-2], the amount of guidance or direction needed to enable the invention is inversely related to the amount of knowledge in the state of the art as well as the predictability in the art. In re Fisher, 427 F.2d 833, 839, 166 USPQ 18, 24 (CCPA 1970). The "amount of guidance or direction" refers to that information in the application, as originally filed, that teaches exactly how to make or use the invention. The more that is known in the

prior art about the nature of the invention, how to make, and how to use the invention, and the more predictable the art is, the less information needs to be explicitly stated in the specification. In contrast, if little is known in the prior art about the nature of the invention and the art is unpredictable, the specification would need more detail as to how to make and use the invention in order to be enabling. >See, e.g., Chiron Corp. v. Genentech Inc., 363 F.3d 1247, 1254, 70 USPQ2d 1321, 1326 (Fed. Cir. 2004).

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 10-18, 28-36, and 38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

As to claims 10-18, 28-36, and 38, the claimed subject matter of "a delaying section that delays the respective multiple received signals a1, ..., aL by time T-t1, ..., T-tN (L<=N) where T is predetermined constant time without being overlapped with one another to output multiple intermediate signals" is indefinite.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

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Davidonvici et al (US 6,587,452) see figure 5; Shiu et al (US 6,624,767) see column 7, lines 20-29; Hwang (US 6,377,611) see column 1, lines 25-31; and Reed et al (US 2002/0136277) see figure 1.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to FRESHTEH N. AGHDAM whose telephone number is (571)272-6037. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00-5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Chieh Fan can be reached on 571-272-3042. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Freshteh N Aghdam/

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/Chieh M Fan/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2611